

# Investigating the Ethical and Human Rights Implications of Smart Information Systems

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SHERPA

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setting up the right environment for Europe to make the most of what artificial intelligence can offer. Data, supercomputers and bold investment are essential for developing artificial intelligence, along

with the use of technologies, trust is a must "

with a broad public discussion combined with the respect of ethical principles for its take-up. As always

# What can I say that is novel?



Recommendation of the Council on Artificial Intelligence **OECD Legal** AI in the UK: able? TEXTS ADOPTED

ready, willing and

Ordered to be printed 13 March 2018 and published 16 April 2018

Published by the Authority of the House of Lords

regard to Article 225 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

pliament resolution of 16 February 2017 with recommeon Civil Law Rales on Robotics (2015/2103/CIVI.)

record to Council Director \$50754531

regard to the study on Ethical Aspects of Cyber-Physical Systems carried out on of the Parliament's Science and Technology Options Assessment (STOA) Panel taged by the Scientific Foresight Unit (STOA), European Parliamentary

regard to Rules 46 and 52 of its Rules of Procedure.

record to the second of the Committee on Level Affices and the committee of the ties on Transport and Tourism, the Committee on Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs, the Committee on Employment and Social Affairs, the Committee on the Em isonment, Public Health and Food Safter, the Committee on Industry, Research and Energy and the Committee on the Internal Market and Communer Protection (Als-

CITIVENSIII LEICESTER

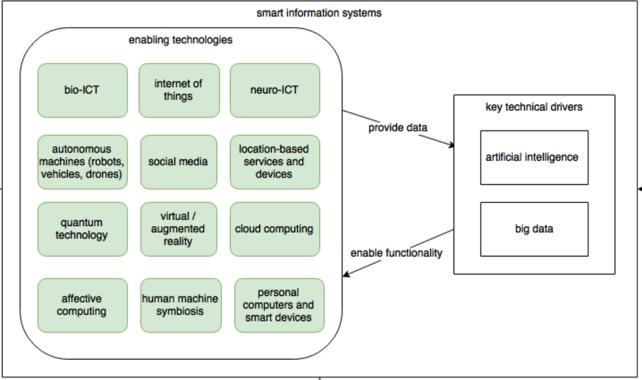
that we must anticipate. 'eement no. 786641

UNESCO Director-General

020 research and innovation



# **Smart Information Systems**









## Desired outcomes

### Economic growth for all

- Addressing global challenges
   (Sustainable Development Goals) & societal missions
- Better (personalised) services
- Increased human capabilities (compensate disabilities)
- Inclusion & democratic participation
- Empowerment





**ITUEVENTS** 

#AlforGood

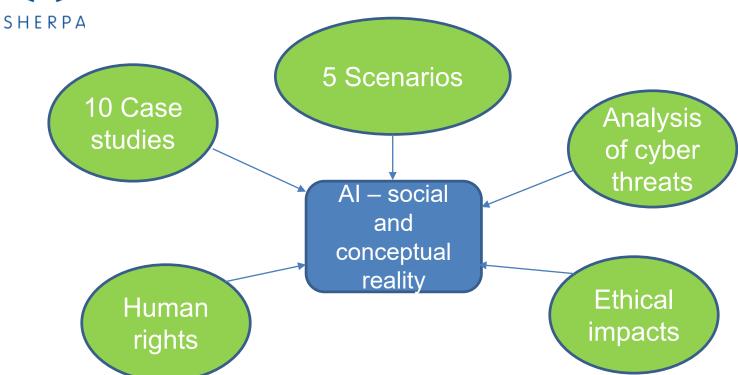
15–17 May 2018 Geneva, Switzerland Accelerating progress towards the SDGs

Al for Good

**Global Summit** 



### Understanding AI – A Multimethod Approach









## **Case Studies**

#### Government















Sustainability - Smart Cities

Science

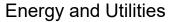






### **Case Studies**

Insurance

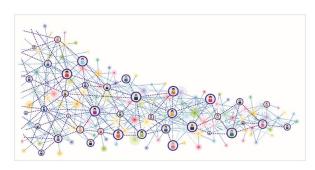


Communication, Media









Retail and Trade







Manufacturing



### **Scenarios**



Predictive Policing



Warfare



Mimicking Technologies

https://www.projectsherpa.eu/future-scenarios/



**Education** 



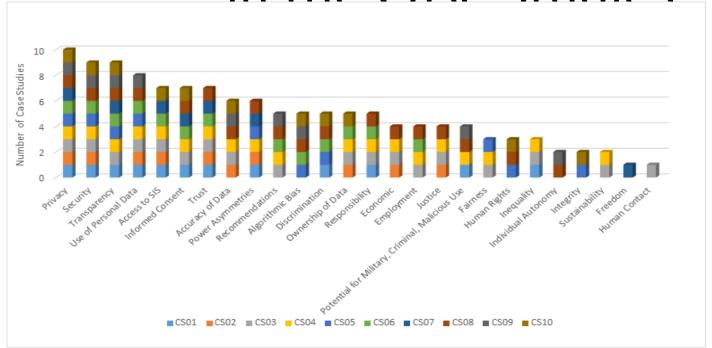
Self-Driving
Cars







# Prevalence of Ethical Issues in the Case Studies

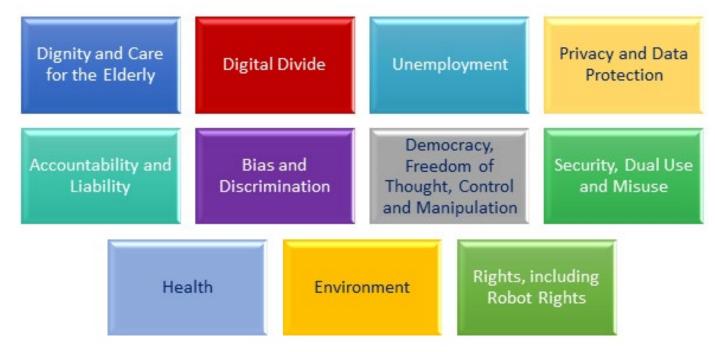








# **Human Rights Analysis**









## Al definition

- EU AI Communication (April 2018)
  - 'Artificial intelligence (AI) refers to systems that display intelligent behaviour by analysing their environment and taking actions - with some degree of autonomy - to achieve specific goals'
- "As soon as it works, no one calls it Al anymore ..." (Meyer, McCarthy, 2011)
- General (broad) Al v narrow Al



Brussels, 25.4.2018 COM(2018) 237 final

COMMUNICATION FROM THE COMMISSION TO THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT, THE EUROPEAN COUNCIL, THE COUNCIL, THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COMMITTEE AND THE COMMITTEE OF THE REGIONS

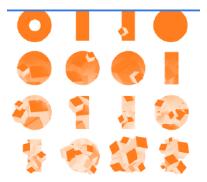
Artificial Intelligence for Europe

{SWD(2018) 137 final}





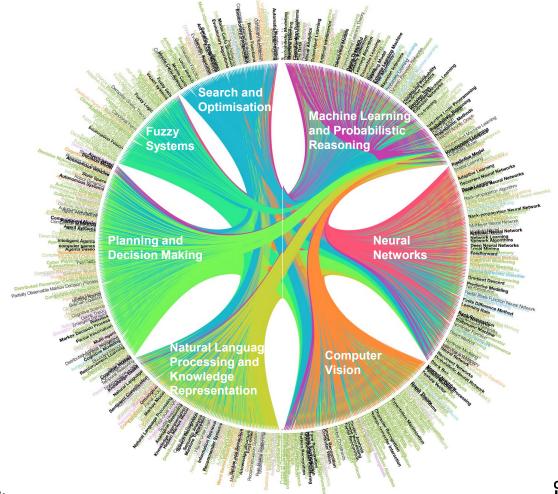




Artificial Intelligence: How knowledge is created, transferred, and used

Trends in China, Europe, and the United States





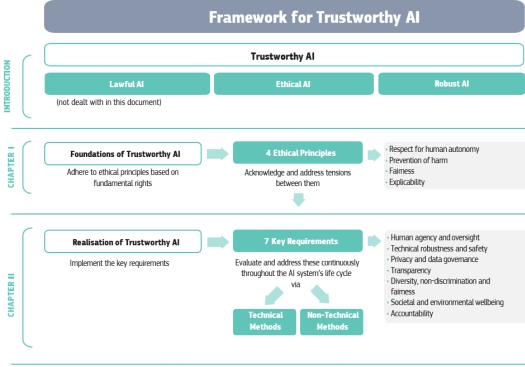






# Current approaches: HLEG





### **Fundamental rights**

- Respect for human dignity
- Freedom of the individual
- Equality, nondiscrimination and solidarity
- · Citizens' rights.



This project has received European Union's Horizo programme under grant







# Current approaches: HLEG 7 requirements









# Current approaches: OECD



### Values-based principles

- inclusive growth, sustainable development and well-being;
- human-centred values and fairness;
- transparency and explainability;
- robustness, security and safety;
- and accountability.

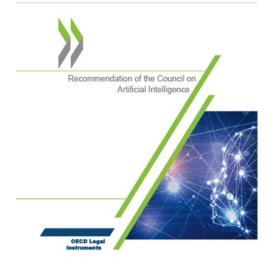








# Current approaches: OECD



### Recommendations to policymakers

- investing in AI research and development;
- fostering a digital ecosystem for AI;
- shaping an enabling policy environment for AI;
- building human capacity and preparing for labour market transformation;
- and international co-operation for trustworthy AI.









# Convergence of recent guidelines

	IEEE	HLEG	OECD	SIENNA/SHERPA
autonomy	**	****	***	***
freedom	***	***	***	***
dignity	***	***	***	***
privacy	***	***	***	***
safety/security	**	***	***	***
justice/fairness	**	***	***	***
accountability	***	***	***	***
transparency	***	****	****	****
indiv. well-being	***	**	***	***
soc/env well-b.	***	***	***	***







# Human rights

Rights	ECHR	EUCFR
Right to human dignity		Article 1
Right to liberty and security	Article 5	Article 6
Right to respect for private and family life	Article 8	Article 7
Protection of personal data		Article 8
Freedom of thought, conscience and religion	Article 9	Article 10
Prohibition of discrimination	Article 14; Article 1, Protocol 12	Article 21
Right of property	Article 1, Protocol 1	Article 17
Right to education	Article 1, Protocol 2	Article 14
Right to free election	Article 3, Protocol 1	Articles 39-40
Freedom to choose an occupation and right to engage in work		Article 15
Consumer protection		Article 38
Right to good administration		Article 41







What do we mean by "Ethics of Al"?

Specific issues of machine learning

Human rights Remedies often exit

Bias

Discrimination

Security

Data protection

Superintelligence

Singularity

Change of human nature Philosophy / theology

Metaphysical questions

**Ethics** of Al

> General questions about living in a digital

> > world

**Autonomy** 

(Economic) Power

Warfare

Distribution of benefits Politics



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# Existing remedies for specific issues

- Risk management (Clarke)
- Information governance (ISO)
- Development methodologies (e.g. valuesensitive design)
- ICT professionalism, including guidelines
- Product liability (something ICT companies are not used to)
- Data Protection law
- Competition law
- Human rights law









# General questions about a digital society

- Human rights in business:
  - CSR;
  - OECD guidelines
- Public engagement
- Representative democracy
- How to deal with the international nature of









## Some Observations

- Pervasive technocentric and techno-optimistic view
- What is new, what is specific to AI?
  - Lack of conceptual clarity
  - Al is part of computer science
  - What happened to computer ethics, info ethics, ethics of technology?
- What is the role of ethics, ethical principles?









# So What?

- Look beyond the hype
  - What is really new?
  - Which issues can be addressed with existing measures?
- Clarify the role of ethics
  - Ethics / rights / laws
  - Gaps in the law (policy vacuum)
  - Interpretation of the law
- Larger scale / social issues
  - Don't look at AI or big data in isolation











## Get involved

### Take Part in the SHERPA Survey

We would like your opinion on the ethical and human rights issues surrounding Smart Information Systems

Take Part in the Survey

Join the Stakeholder Network

https://www.project-sherpa.eu/



