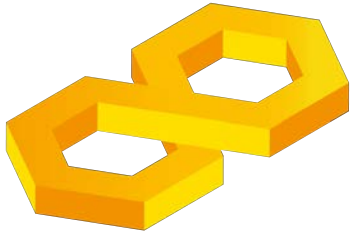
We are starting soon!



Better, faster, stronger with DevOps - but how?

Sofus Albertsen
Academy Headmaster

Linkedin: in/sofusalbertsen/
sofus.albertsen@eficode.com

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Agenda

- What is DevOps?
- The Business case for DevOps
- DevOps Practices
- Adopting and Scaling DevOps
- Q&A

Summary

- Companies doing DevOps are more profitable
- DevOps is easy to explain but hard to do
- Culture eats DevOps for Breakfast
- Flow and Technical Excellence are key

Menti

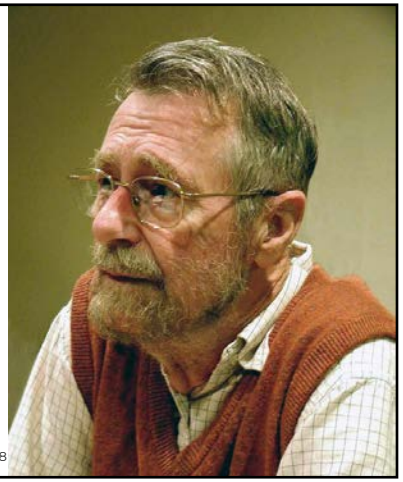
Let's zoom in on you

History

The First Software Crisis

"...as long as there were no machines, programming was no problem at all; when we had a few weak computers, programming became a mild problem, and now we have gigantic computers, programming has become an equally gigantic problem."

Edsger W. Dijkstra, NATO Software Engineering Conference, 1968



Like building a bridge?

Too big?

Permanent failures [edit]

Because software, unlike a major civil engineering construction project, is often easy and cheap to change after it has been constructed, a piece of custom software that fails to deliver on its objectives may sometimes be modified over time in such a way that it later succeeds - and/or business processes or end-user mindsets may change to accommodate the software. However, sometimes, for various reasons, neither approach succeeds (or is even tried), and this may be considered as another level of 'failure' - a permanent failure.

Started	Terminated	System name	Type of system	Country or region	Type of purchaser	Problems	Cost (expected)	Outsourced or in-house?	Outcome
1980s	1993	TAURUS	Electronic trading platform	United Kingdom (London)	Stock exchange	Scope creep, cost overrun. The project was never completed.	£75m	?	Cancelled
1984	1990	NSP	Integrated computer services	United Kingdom (Wessex)	Wessex Health Authority	Scope creep, cost overrun. The project was never completed.	£63m (£39m)	?	Cancelled
1997	2000	Bolt	Customer service, finance and administration system	Sweden	Patent and Registration Office	Too complicated, bad functioning, cost overrun. The project was after completion never used, the agency still today does not have a working IT system.[1][2]	SEK 300m ($30m)	Outsourced	Scrapped
2002	2011	NHS Connecting for Health	Electronic care records	United Kingdom	Central government	Beset by delays and ballooning costs, and the software part of it was never finished. The government was also criticised for not demonstrating value for money. Although the contracts were drafted to ensure that the contractors would be forced to bear a significant portion of the cost of the project going wrong if it did go wrong, in reality this did not always happen. The NPfIT was described by Members of Parliament as one of the "worst and most expensive contracting fiascos" ever.[3]	£12bn (£2.3bn)	Outsourced	Discontinued, but some parts continued
2005	2012	Expeditionary Combat Support System	Military Enterprise Resource Planning	United States	Air force	No significant capabilities ready on time; would have cost $1.1bn more just to get to 1/4 of the original scope.	$1.1bn	Outsourced - including requirements	Cancelled
2007	2012	de Polstej	Police case management	Denmark	Police	Did not work properly, technical problems with contractor.	DKK 500m ($70m)	Outsourced	Cancelled
2007	2014	e-Borders	Advanced passenger information programme	United Kingdom	UK Border Agency	A series of delays.	over £412m (£742m)	Outsourced	Cancelled

Software is not like building a bridge

- Well defined requirements
- Same function throughout its lifetime
- Static surroundings
- Well known materials

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DevOps

The lightning introduction

The Chronic Conflict

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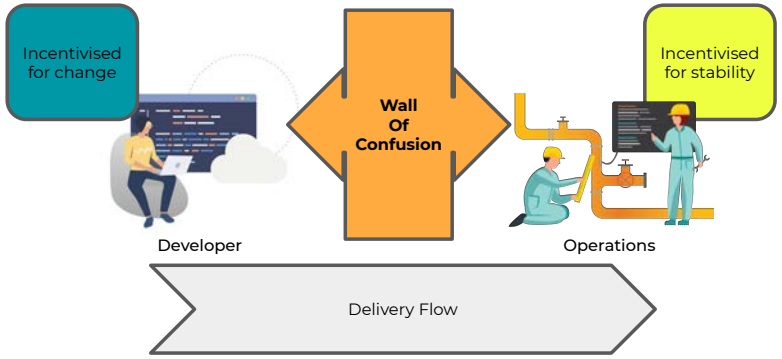

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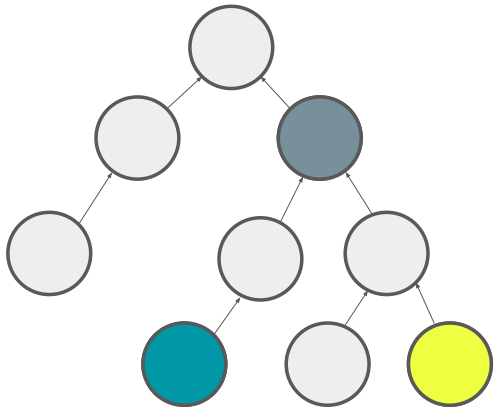

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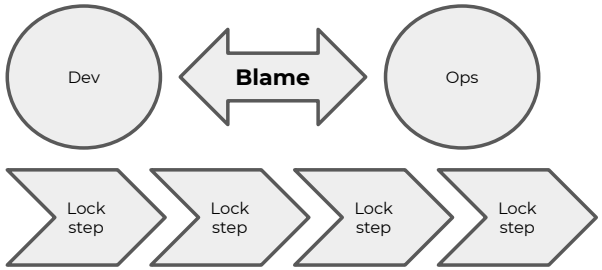

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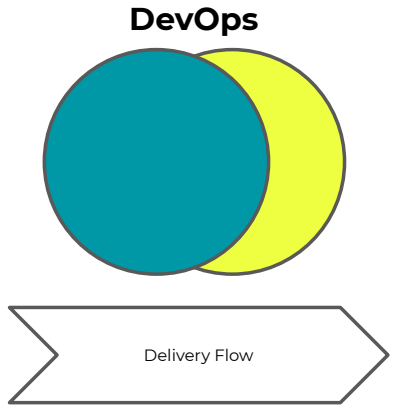

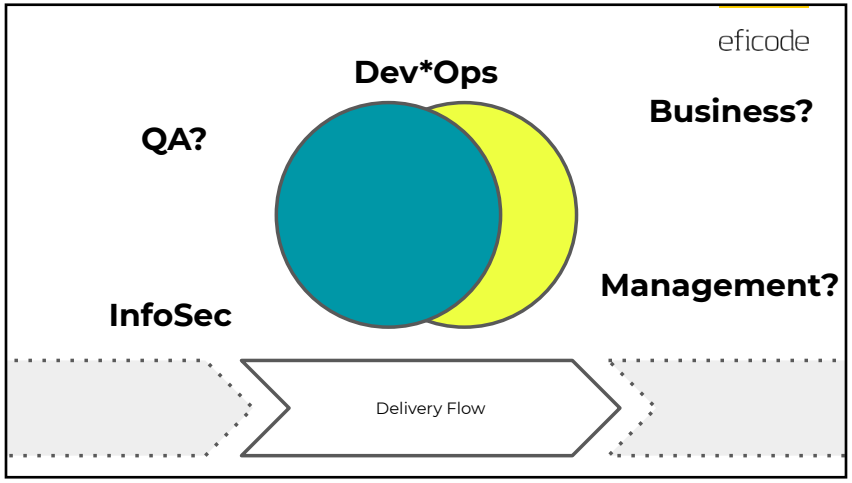

CALMS

- CULTURE
- AUTOMATION
- LEAN
- MEASUREMENT
- SHARING

The 3 Ways of DevOps

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The First Way:
Flow and
Systems Thinking

https://itrevolution.com/the-three-ways-principles-underpinning-devops/

The 3 Ways of DevOps

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The Second Way:
Amplify Feedback Loops

https://itrevolution.com/the-three-ways-principles-underpinning-devops/

The 3 Ways of DevOps

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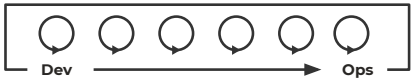
The Third Way:
Culture of Continual Experimentation and Learning



https://itrevolution.com/the-three-ways-principles-underpinning-devops/

Feedback loops

Photo by Christian Bowen on Unsplash

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DevOps

Resilience Engineering

Systems Thinking

Lean

Safety Systems

Cloud Native

Automation

The Scientific Method

Continuous Delivery

Agile

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DevOps

The Business Case

If we get good at DevOps, do we get more money?

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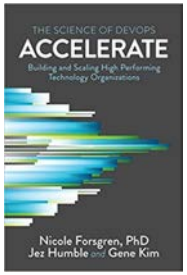
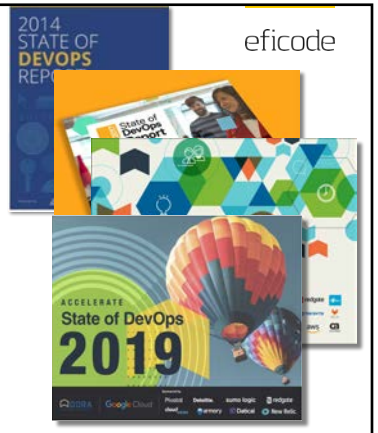
Learn from the research





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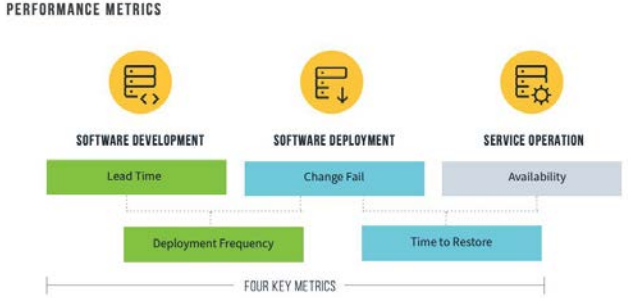
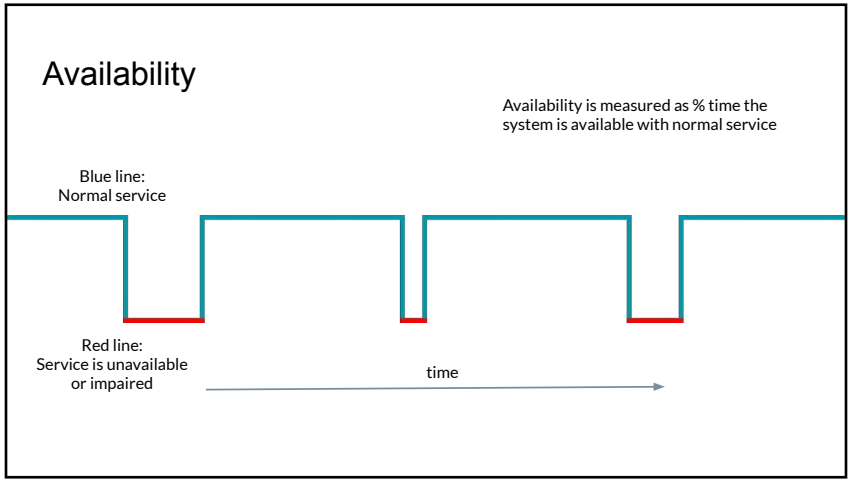
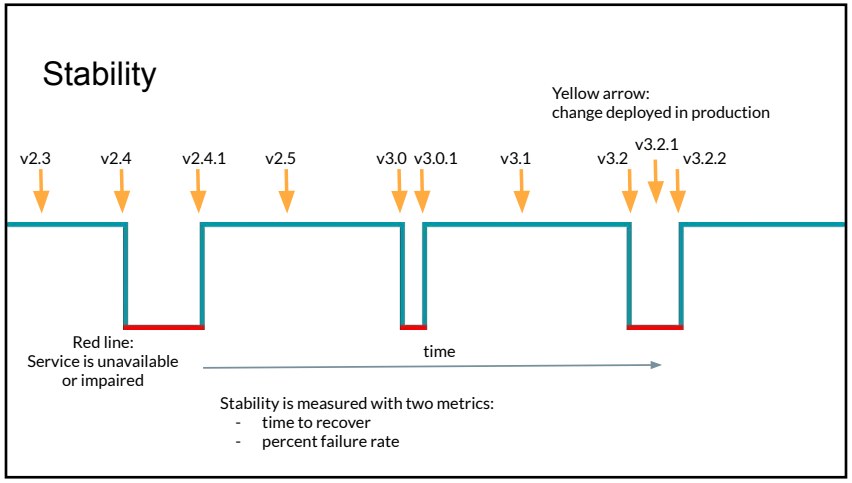
How we measure DevOps

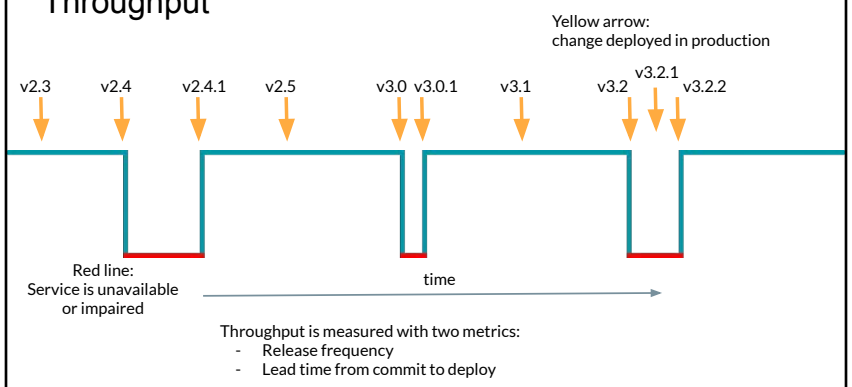


Excerpt from page 16, State of DevOps 2019, Forsgren et al


Availability
Availability is measured as % time the system is available with normal service
Blue line:
Normal service
Red line:
Service is unavailable
or impaired
time


Stability
Yellow arrow:
change deployed in production
v2.3
v2.4
v2.4.1
v2.5
v3.0
v3.0.1
v3.1
v3.2
v3.2.1
v3.2.2
Red line:
Service is unavailable
or impaired
time
Stability is measured with two metrics:
- time to recover
- percent failure rate

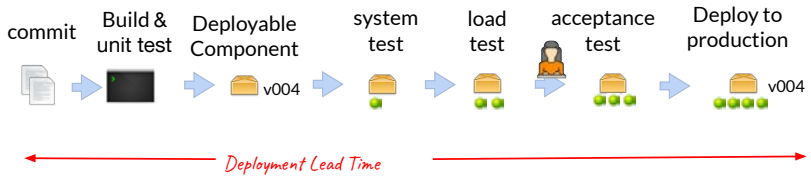
Throughput



Throughput is measured with two metrics:

- Release frequency
- Lead time from commit to deploy

Deployment Lead Time



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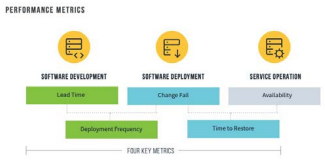

Ability to meet or exceed organizational goals

How do you score?

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So what does this enable?

Experimentation

Delayed decisions

Scaling

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DevOps Practices

What do high performers do differently?

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Technical Practices

Cultural Practices

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Technical Practices

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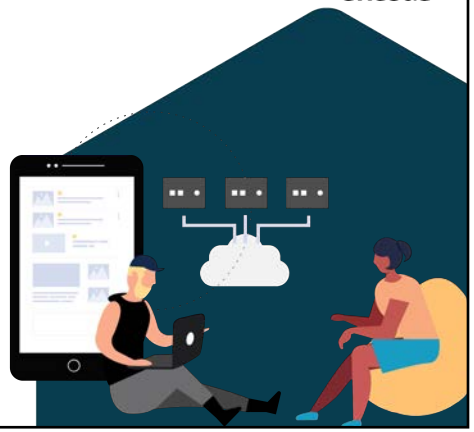
Cloud



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Cloud characteristics

On-demand self-service

Broad network access

Resource Pooling

Rapid Elasticity

Measured Service

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Automation

What do we automate?

AUTOMATION AND INTEGRATION BY PERFORMANCE PROFILE

	Low	Medium	High	Elite
Automated build	64%	81%	91%	92%
Automated unit tests	57%	66%	84%	87%
Automated acceptance tests	28%	38%	48%	58%
Automated performance tests	18%	23%	18%	28%
Automated security tests	15%	28%	25%	31%
Automated provisioning and deployment to testing environments	39%	54%	68%	72%
Automated deployment to production	17%	38%	60%	69%
Integration with chatbots / Slack	29%	33%	24%	69%
Integration with production monitoring and observability tools	13%	23%	41%	57%
None of the above	9%	14%	5%	4%

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There is nothing quite so useless, as doing with great efficiency, something that should not be done at all.

Peter Drucker - Management Thinker

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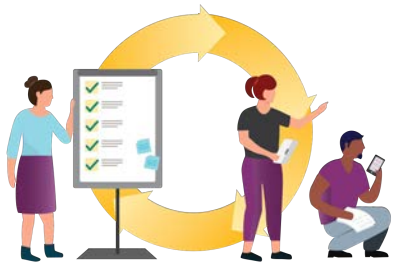
Continuous Integration



Integrate every day

Build every commit

Fix broken builds immediately

Loosely Coupled Architecture

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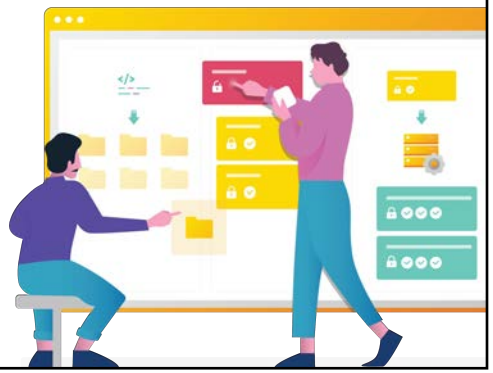
The team can test, deploy and change their system



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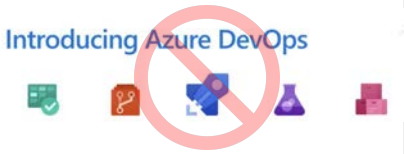
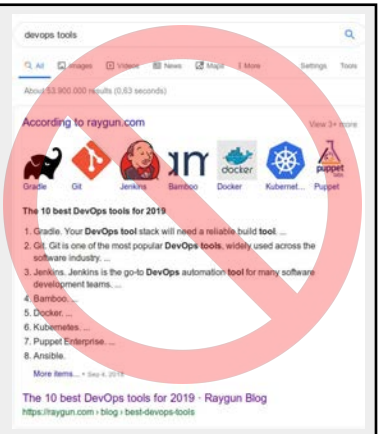
Industry and technology stack, doesn't matter. Architecture does.

Nicole Forsgren, Ph.d

DevOps tools

Devops is not **a** tool





Capabilities of DevOps tools

- **Version controlled code** (Git)
- (Automatic) **Testable code**
- **Infrastructure as code** (Ansible, Terraform, Kubernetes)
- **Runtime and dependencies as code** (Docker, Cri-O)
- **Release pipeline** (Jenkins, CircleCI, Octodeploy)
- **Unified logging and Metrics** (ELK, Prometheus, Greylog)

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Cultural Practices

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Decoupled Teams

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Any organization that designs a system will produce a design whose structure is a copy of the organization's communication structure

Conway's law

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if we have managers deciding . . . which services will be built, by which teams, we implicitly have managers deciding on the system architecture

Ruth Malan, Software Architecture Consultant, Bredemeyer

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Psychological Safety

menti.com

Let us talk culture

Team performance @ Google

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Westrum Typology of Organizational Cultures

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Westrum Typology of Organizational Cultures

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Pathological (Power-Oriented)	Bureaucratic (Rule-Oriented)	Generative (Performance-Oriented)
Low cooperation	Modest cooperation	High cooperation
Messengers "shot"	Messengers neglected	Messengers trained
Responsibilities shirked	Narrow responsibilities	Risks are shared
Bridging discouraged	Bridging tolerated	Bridging encouraged
Failure leads to scapegoating	Failure leads to justice	Failure leads to inquiry
Novelty crushed	Novelty leads to problems	Novelty implemented

Westrum culture models, Table 3.1 Accelerate

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Gitlab nightmare

> We accidentally deleted production data and might have to restore from backup. Google Doc with live notes https://t.co/EVRbHzYlk8
>
> — GitLab.com Status (@gitlabstatus) February 1, 2017

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Transparency

Recommendations from the Defense

WORKING DOCUMENT // DRAFT

CLEARED
For Open Publication

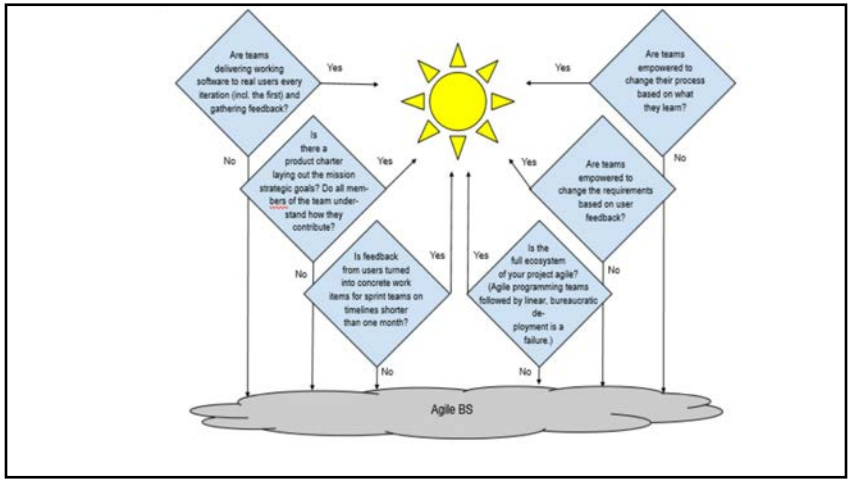
Oct 09, 2018

Department of Defense
OFFICE OF PREPUBLICATION AND SECURITY REVIEW

DIB Guide: Detecting Agile BS

Version 0.4, last modified 3 Oct 2018

Agile is a buzzword of software development, and so all DoD software development projects are, almost by default, now declared to be "agile." The purpose of this document is to provide guidance to DoD program executives and acquisition professionals on how to detect software projects that are really using agile development versus those that are simply waterfall or spiral development in agile clothing ("agile-scrum-fall").



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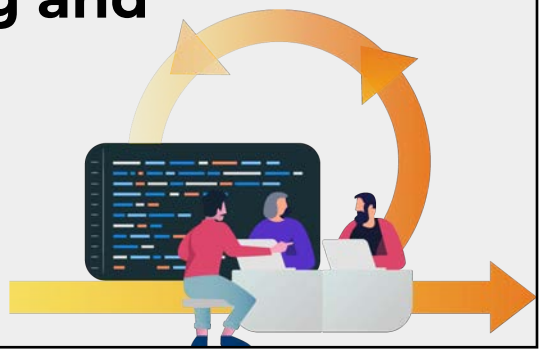
Adopting and Scaling DevOps



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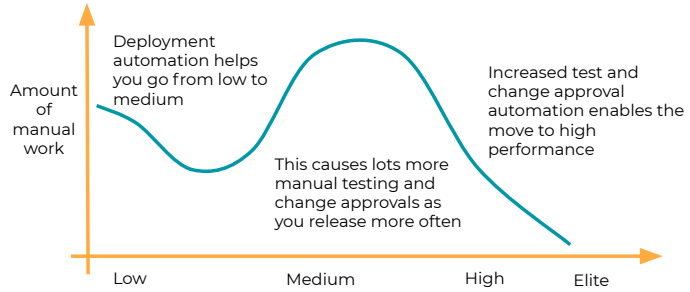
Beware of the J-curve



SDO Performance

You are special

It just does not matter

James Grenning, Co-Author of the Agile Manifesto and Author of TDD for Embedded C

Summary

1.

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Build a Healthy Culture

2.

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Clear Change Process

3.

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Value Stream Orientation

4.

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Prioritize Technical Excellence

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1. Healthy Culture
2. Clear Change Process
3. Value Stream orientation
4. Technical Excellence

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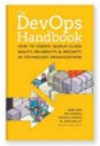
Questions?

Google re:Work

Where to go from here

Culture



The DevOps Handbook

How to Create World-Class Agility, Reliability, & Security in Technology Organizations

Increase profitability, elevate work culture, and exceed productivity goals through DevOps practices with this non-fiction follow-up to the bestselling *The Phoenix Project*.

by Gene Kim, Jez Humble, Patrick Debois, and John Willis

PURCHASE

BULK PURCHASES

Where to go from here

Technology

The DevOps Handbook: How to Create World-Class Agility, Reliability, and Security in Technology Organizations

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Thank you!

Sofus Albertsen

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