

Lessons Learned from Landing a Job Offer with GenAI

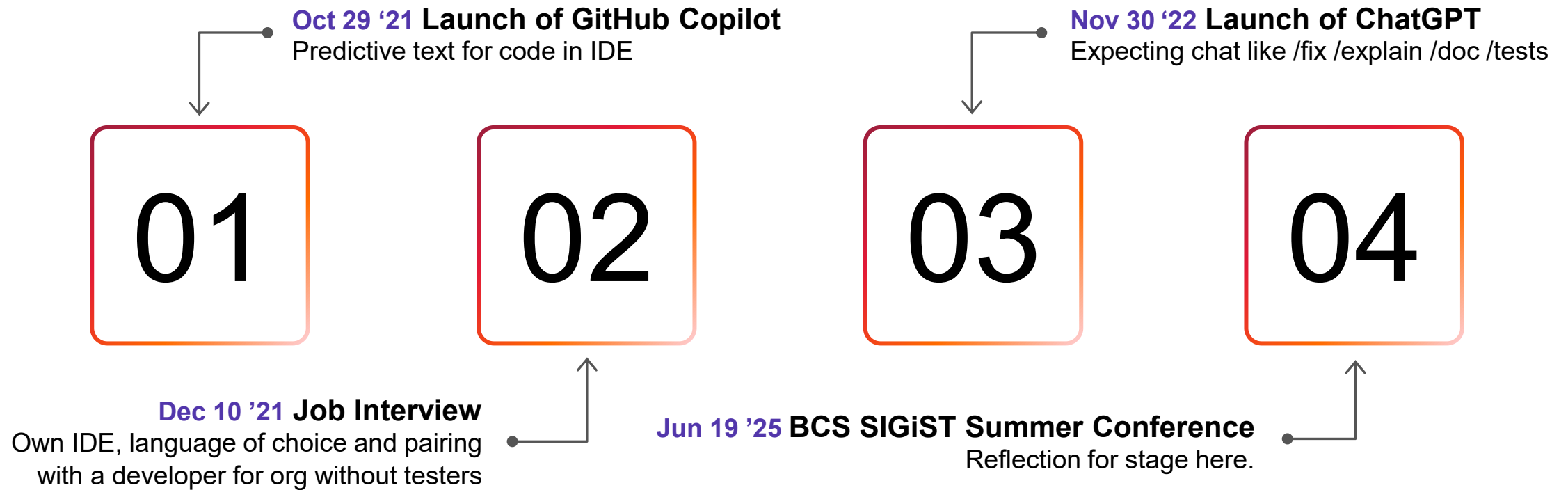
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Maaret Pyhäjärvi

CGI



Timeline



A pair programming interview

Step 1. **Prepare**: Roman Numerals Kata

Step 2. **Surprise**: Numbers to Text



GitHub Copilot
Service



ApprovalTests

#function to convert integer to English for values from 0 to 999

```
def int_to_text(n):
    if n < 20:
        return ["zero", "one", "two", "three", "four", "five", "six",
                "seven", "eight", "nine", "ten", "eleven", "twelve",
                "thirteen", "fourteen", "fifteen", "sixteen",
                "seventeen", "eighteen", "nineteen"][n]
    elif n < 100:
        return ["twenty", "thirty", "forty", "fifty", "sixty",
                "seventy", "eighty", "ninety"][(n // 10) - 2]
        + (["", " " + int_to_text(n % 10)][n % 10 > 0])
    elif n < 1000:
        return int_to_text(n // 100) + " hundred"
        + (["", " " + int_to_text(n % 100)][n % 100 > 0])
    else:
        return "one thousand"
```



GitHub Copilot
Service

```
def numbers_list(num):
    num_list = []
    for i in range(0, num+1):
        num_list.append(i)
    return num_list

from approvaltests.combination_approvals import verify_all_combinations

def test_all_cases():
    verify_all_combinations(int_to_english, [
        numbers_list(100)])
```

```
998 args: (997,) => 'nine hundred ninety seven'
999 args: (998,) => 'nine hundred ninety eight'
1000 args: (999,) => 'nine hundred ninety nine'
1001- args: (1000,) => 'one thousand'
1002
```

```
998 args: (997,) => 'nine hundred ninety seven'
999 args: (998,) => 'nine hundred ninety eight'
1000 args: (999,) => 'nine hundred ninety nine'
1001+ args: (1000,) => 'thousand'
1002
```

```
#function that turns integers into text from 0 to 999
def int_to_english(num):
    #check for edge cases
    if num == 0:
        return "zero"
    if num > 999:
        return "too large"
    #convert numbers to text
    tens = ["", "", "twenty", "thirty", "forty", "fifty", "sixty", "seventy", "eighty", "ninety"]
    ones = ["zero", "one", "two", "three", "four", "five", "six", "seven", "eight", "nine"]
    teens = ["ten", "eleven", "twelve", "thirteen", "fourteen", "fifteen", "sixteen", "seventeen", "eighteen", "nineteen"]
    #set variables to store the result
    result = ""
    hundreds = num // 100
    tens_place = num % 100 // 10
    ones_place = num % 10
    #convert hundreds
    if hundreds > 0:
        result += ones[hundreds] + " hundred"
    #convert tens
    if tens_place > 0:
        if tens_place == 1:
            result += " " + teens[ones_place]
        else:
            result += " " + tens[tens_place]
    #convert ones
    if ones_place > 0:
        if tens_place == 0:
            result += " " + ones[ones_place]
    return result
```

```
def test_1becomes_one():
    assert int_to_english(1) == "one"
```

test_1becomes_one

```
def test_1becomes_one():
>     assert int_to_english(1) == "one"
E     AssertionError: assert 'one' == 'one'
E         - one
E         + one
E         ? +
```

demo.py:33: AssertionError

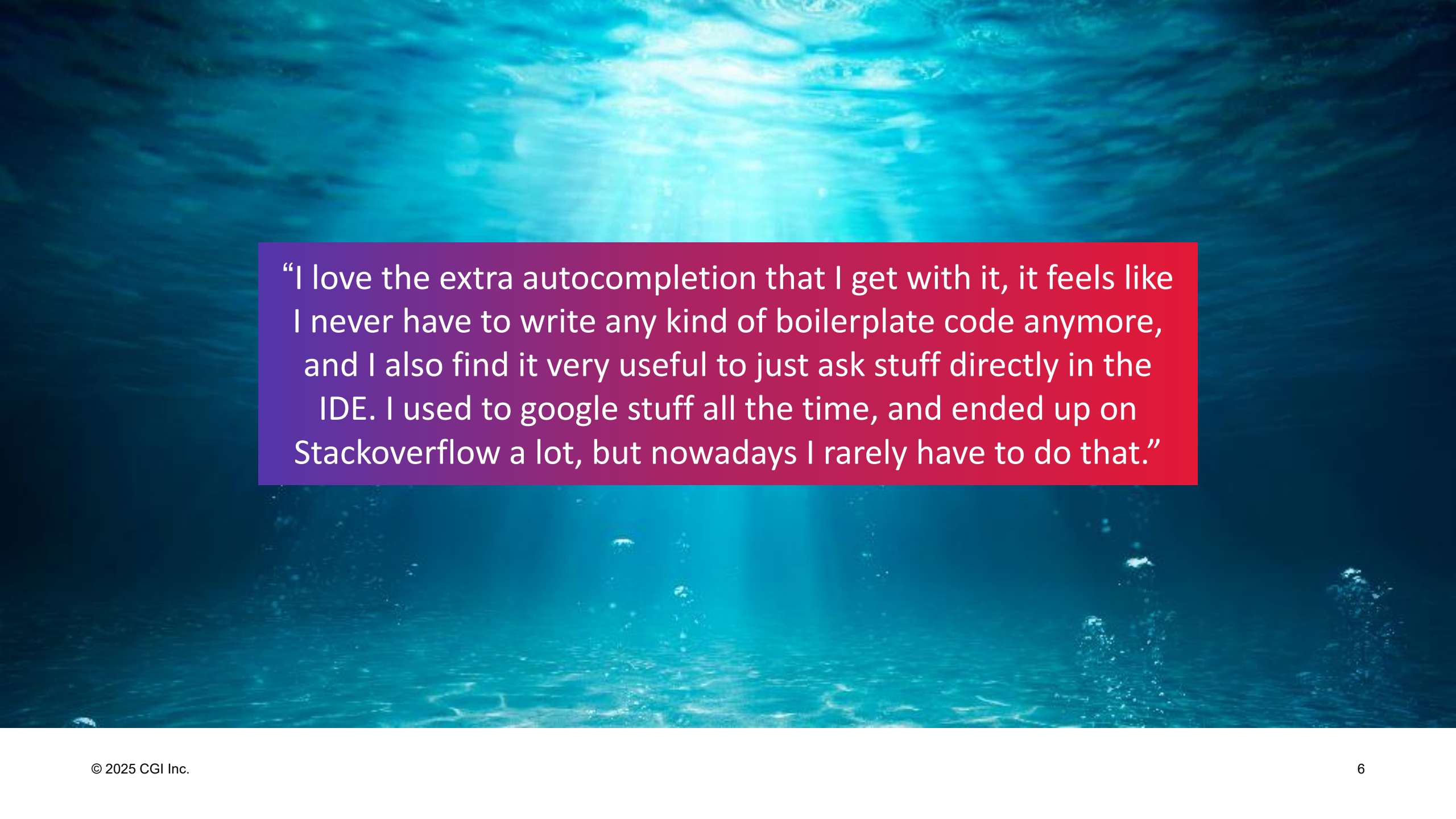
```
===== short test summary info =====
==
FAILED demo.py::test_1becomes_one - AssertionError: assert 'one' == 'one'
===== 1 failed, 1 passed in 0.15s =====
```

```
args: (0,) => 'zero'
args: (1,) => 'one'
args: (2,) => 'two'
```

```
21 args: (20,) => 'twenty'
22 args: (21,) => 'twenty'
23 args: (22,) => 'twenty'
```

```
100 args: (99,) => 'ninety'
101 args: (100,) => 'one hundred'
102 args: (101,) => 'one hundred one'
103 args: (102,) => 'one hundred two'
104 args: (103,) => 'one hundred three'
```

<https://gist.github.com/maaretp/cf9b1b0c6d385578a048258394697b5b>

The background of the slide is an underwater scene. Sunlight rays penetrate the water from the top, creating a bright, hazy area. Bubbles are visible rising from the bottom, and the water has a deep blue-green color with some ripples on the surface.

“I love the extra autocompletion that I get with it, it feels like I never have to write any kind of boilerplate code anymore, and I also find it very useful to just ask stuff directly in the IDE. I used to google stuff all the time, and ended up on Stackoverflow a lot, but nowadays I rarely have to do that.”

We are
accountable

1. Intent / Implementation
2. Domain for the Layman
3. Domain for the Expert
4. Reference Implementation
5. People Filtering
6. Interesting side effects

Lessons worth sharing



AI marketing smoke screen

Intentional and unintentional smoke screens. Parallels of surprises in interviews to surprises in tool promises.



GenAI Pair Testing

When people fail to pair, tools to pair are worthwhile.



Oracles and expectations

Good helper, insufficient guide. Being in control of your current knowledge.

Any software is marketed as AI since it is doing something humans could do.

Acting Humanly for Testing

01 Natural Language processing

to communicate successfully in human language

- Summarizing details to insights
- Generating charters
- Creating data, instructions and oracles
- Understanding risk coverage

02 Knowledge representation

to store what it knows or hears

- Remembering features and recognizing feature relationships
- Avoiding reporting accepted problems without change in knowledge
- Remembering what was done
- Knowing what to look at

03 Automated reasoning

to answer questions and draw new conclusions

- Deciding what conversations to start
- Deciding when we can automatically revert
- Reporting with repro scripts
- Recognizing responsibility of fix

04 Machine learning

to adapt to new circumstances and to extrapolate and detect patterns

- Bug taxonomies
- Priorities
- Cross industry reuse of standard tests

05 Computer vision, speech recognition

to perceive the world

- Multilingual projects
- Sources of data
- Visual testing aids

06 Robotics

to manipulate objects and move around

- Robotic process automation as basis of testing
- Operating interfaces abstracting away technology of target

It pairs with you even
when the developer won't.

—Maaret Pyhäjärvi



Photo by [Rajvir Kaur](#) on [Unsplash](#)

GenAI Pair Testing

Search boundaries: argue for different stances on assumptions

Recognize insufficiency and fix it
— creating average text is not
your goal

Freedom to criticize as the pair
takes no offense

Dare to ask things you'd not dare
to ask from a colleague

Co-piloting allows for repair

Practice-level guardrails

01

Expected values

Pay attention to the old testing wisdom of oracles and **how do we know**. Our critical thinking, built on our learning through curiosity of the world is essential.

02

Anti-toolist worldview

Realize that features in tools can be copied. Looking for the **one best tool makes little sense**. We need to protect our time to a partner of choice.

03

Taskwide learning

Not lifelong learning or life wide learning, but it's task wide learning. **Everything we do is learning activity.**

Coding productivity levels



AI in your IDE, with agents (Cursor.com)

- LLM digs around and finds the right context
- LLM uses lint to find and fix errors while coding
- LLM creates and edits multiple files directly
- LLM can do commands like renaming folders, git commit/push, etc

AI in your IDE, with tagging (Cursor.com)

- LLM includes current file as context
- Add additional files to context by tagging files/folders
- LLM edits files directly (one at a time)

AI copy/paste

- Manually copy code from IDE to ChatGPT, and hope you didn't forget anything important
- Manually copy the resulting code from ChatGPT into your IDE, and hope you put everything in the right place.
- Error prone because you probably forgot some context, and the LLM has to guess.

Manual coding

- Write code by hand
- Google around to find examples
- Lots of manual mistakes and debugging

Future of Work by Henrik Kniberg,
at Jfocus '25

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_aEaq7e0LOA



What is GitHub Copilot

Code assistance. Features in the IDE and when code hosted with GitHub. Valuable use cases even when code not hosted on GitHub. In use since 2021.

Available in IDE

Code completions

Intent to code proposals for efficiency of skilled user.

Contextual help

Fixing, explaining and documenting in context of code.

Code review

Reviews of selection.

Edits and agent mode

Multifile context and background tasks with tools.

Available in GitHub

Knowledge base

Retrieval augmented generation (RAG) applied on docs close to code.

AI reviewer

Virtual team member describing and reviewing pull requests.

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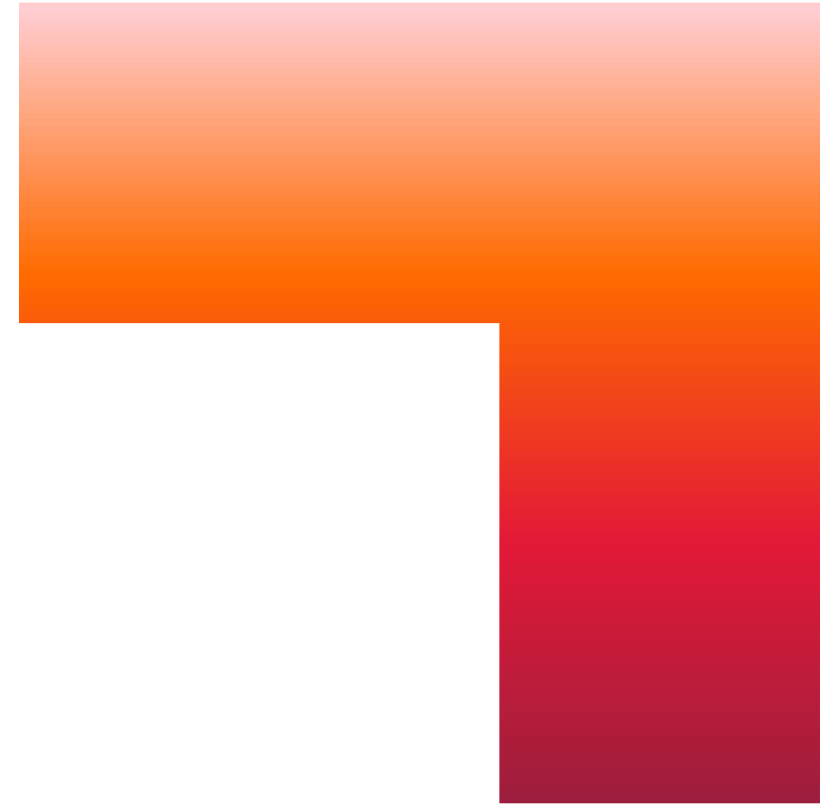
Good helper, insufficient guide.
Being in control of your current knowledge.

Insights you can act on

Founded in 1976, CGI is among the largest IT and business consulting services firms in the world.

We are insights-driven and outcomes-based to help accelerate returns on your investments. Across hundreds of locations worldwide, we provide comprehensive, scalable and sustainable IT and business consulting services that are informed globally and delivered locally.

cgi.com



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