

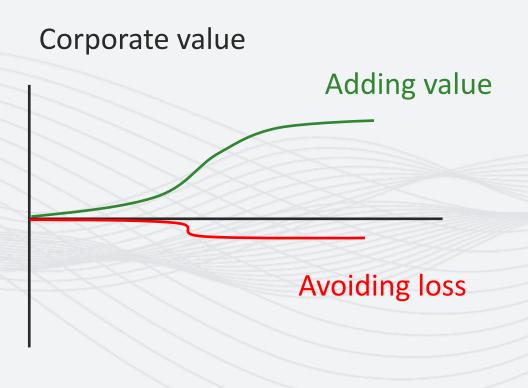




Cost avoidance
Additional income
New income
Asset enhancement

Strategic

Strategic alignment
Competitive response
Competitive advantage
Intellectual property



|c|i|t|i| Benefits defined



The value sought; set by the strategy.

The set of changes that generate the value.

The physical entities that create change.

|c|i|t|i| Organisational change



The changed behaviour: was walking, is running.

How do you achieve it?

How do you know you've achieved it?

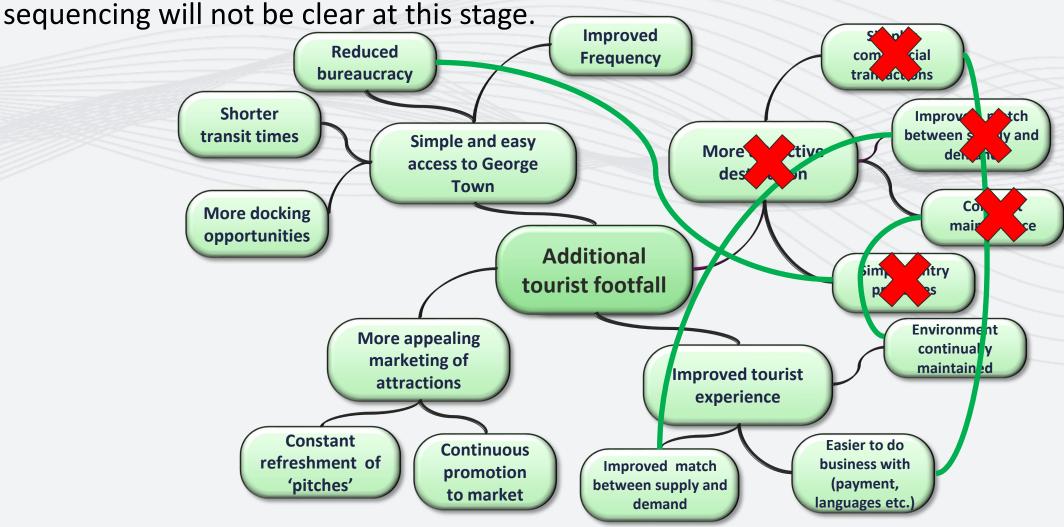
How do you sustain it?



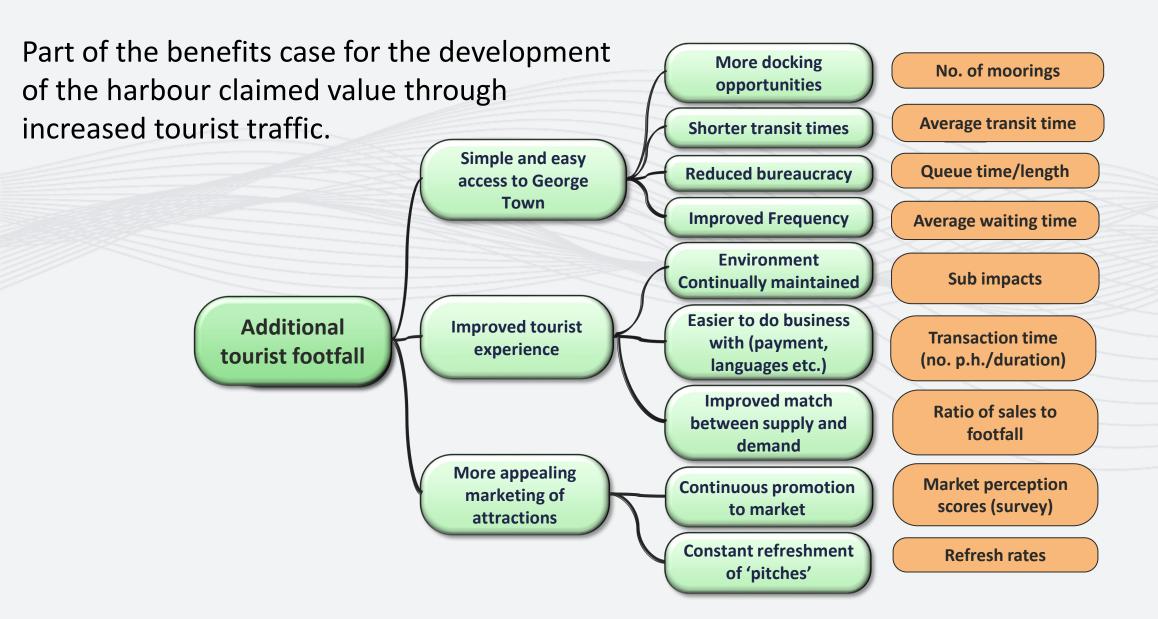
Harbour improvement BIP (partial) – Step 1.

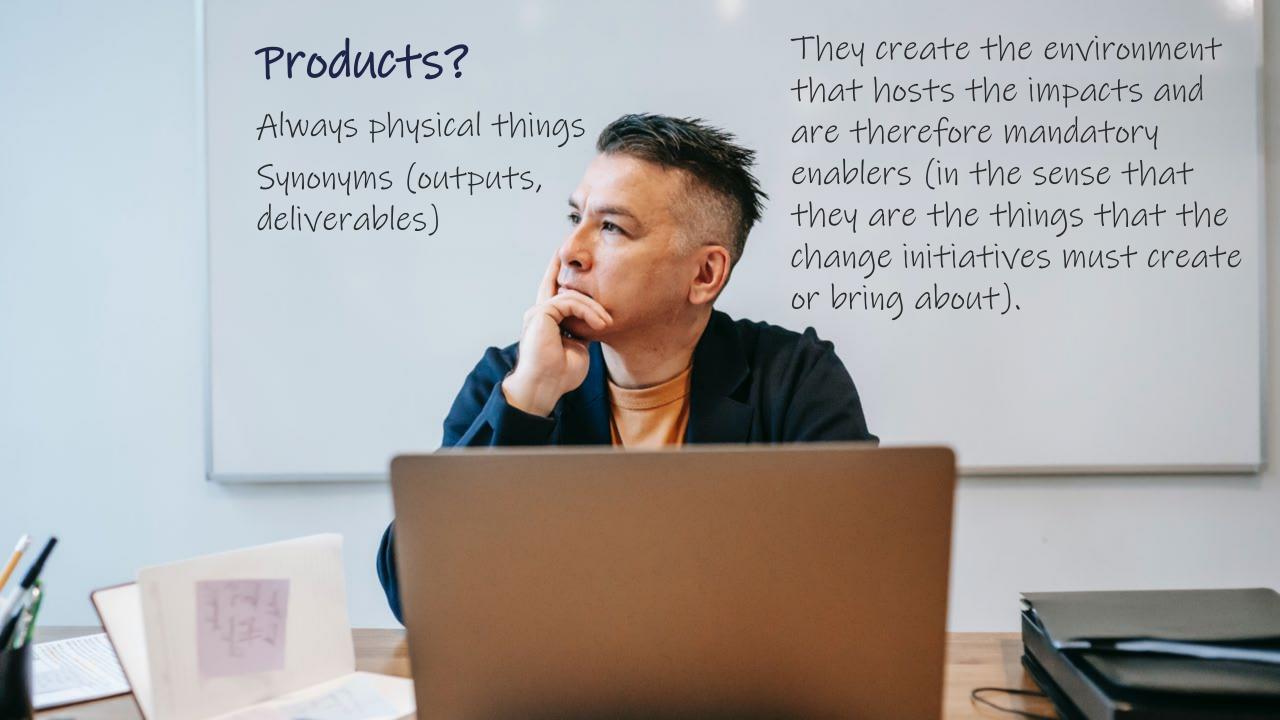
Part of the benefits case for the development of the harbour claimed value through increased tourist traffic.

It is best to start a BIP map using a 'mind-mapping' approach as the

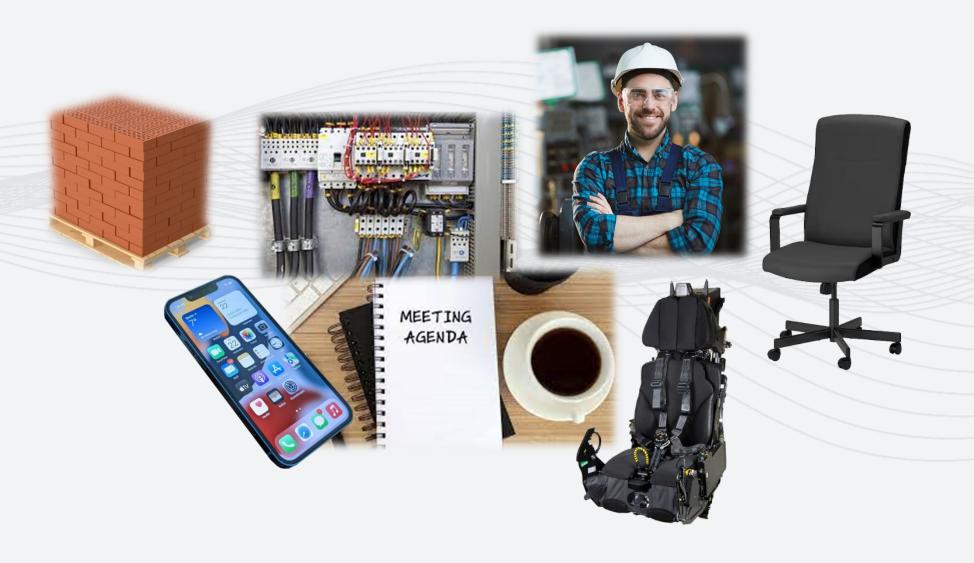


Harbour improvement BIP (partial) – Step 2.

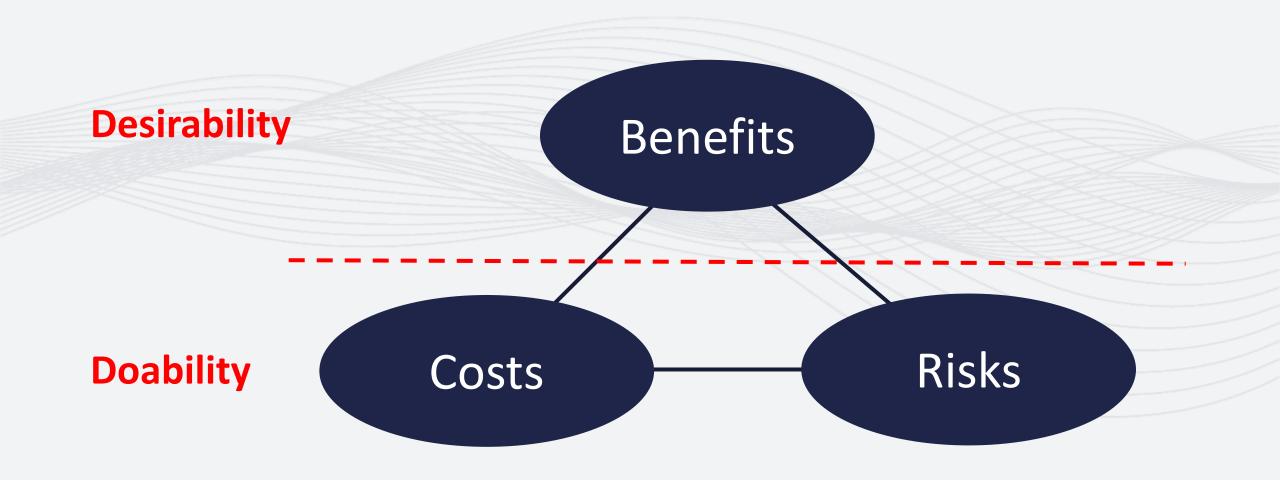




Products



Benefits and the business case



Business cases – the two audiences



Desirability



Motivation

Competition

Benefits Impacts Products

Shared understanding of what the additional value, or risk avoided, is

Agreed measures of attainment

Commitment of stakeholders.

Changes of behaviour

Persistence is crucial

KPIs critical

Liaise with the 'change agents' impact enactors



In planning benefits; who is the 'user' and what their purpose?

|c|i|t|i| Conclusions

