How Will DevOps Impact Software Testing

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INTRODUCTION

It's no longer news that we live in a tech-driven world. The field of software development has become increasingly complex, dynamic, and highly competitive. Each year, hundreds of thousands of new products are released, pushing businesses to continuously seek new tools, cultures, and methodologies to stay competitive in this ever-evolving market.

DevOps has emerged as a culture that enables many software development businesses to keep pace with this constant change. DevOps has revolutionized the traditional approach to software development and IT operations, reshaping traditional structures into more integrated and collaborative environments.

So, where does QA testing fit into this DevOps methodology?
DEFINITIONS

DevOps:

• This is a methodology, culture, practice, or tool that bridges the gap between the development and IT operations, aiming to reduce the systems development lifecycle and providing continuous delivery with high-quality software.

• It’s a firm handshake between development and operations that emphasizes a shift in mindset, better collaboration, and tighter integration. It unites agile, continuous delivery, automation, and much more, to help development and operations teams be more efficient, innovate faster, and deliver higher value to businesses and customers.
DevOps:

Can be the union of people, process and technology to continually provide value to customers:
Software Testing

The process of verifying and validating applications to ensure that these applications are fit for purpose before they are delivered to customers for use.

Verification-Static: Involves the review of the documents, design, and code to ensure that all the project requirements are met (Is the product being built right? Are we building the right thing)-Formal & Informal reviews; Inspections etc=>product specification

Validation-Dynamic: This is the actual execution of the code (Is the right product being built?) Did we build the right thing-Unit Testing; system Testing etc=>Customers expectations
The Role of QA Testing in DevOps

The aim of DevOps is to deliver faster, although not to compromise the quality of the product.

Thus, QA testing ensures that the quality of the software is maintained while keeping pace with the rapid development and deployment.
In a DevOps environment, testing is shifted left in the development cycle, meaning that testing activities start earlier in the process. This prevents defects from progressing further downstream and reduces the cost of fixing issues that are discovered late in the development cycle.

DevOps emphasizes continuous integration and continuous delivery (CI/CD), which means that code changes are integrated and tested frequently, often multiple times a day. This leads to faster feedback loops for QA testing, allowing issues to be identified and fixed earlier in the development process.

**Collaboration**
DevOps emphasizes collaboration and communication between development, operations, and testing teams. QA testers work closely with developers and operations to ensure that testing requirements are understood, and any deployment or operational concerns are addressed.

**Automation Testing**
DevOps encourages the automation of various stages of software development, including testing. Automated testing can encompass unit tests, integration tests, regression tests, and more. This reduces the manual effort required for testing and ensures consistent and repeatable test results.

**Shift Left Testing**
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**Faster Feedback Loops**
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DevOps encourages continuous monitoring of applications and infrastructure in production environments. QA testers can actively monitor the behaviour of the software post-release to identify any issues that might have been missed during testing.

By automating the deployment process and thoroughly testing each release, DevOps can lead to more stable releases with fewer defects. This improves the overall quality of the software and reduces the risk of critical issues reaching production.

Impacts of DevOps on QA Testing

- Continuous Monitoring
- Release Stability
DevOps promotes a culture of accountability, shared responsibility, and continuous improvement. QA testers become an integral part of this culture, contributing their expertise to improve development processes, testing strategies, and overall product quality.

DevOps encourages teams to gather feedback from various sources, including end-users and stakeholders. QA testers can play a role in gathering and analysing this feedback to identify areas for improvement.
## The Negative Impact of DevOps on Testing

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reduced Testing Time</th>
<th>Lack of Documentation</th>
<th>Fragmented Environments</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• The emphasis on rapid development and continuous delivery in DevOps can lead to time constraints on testing activities. Testing might be rushed or abbreviated, which could result in incomplete or inadequate test coverage.</td>
<td>• In a fast-paced DevOps environment, there might be a tendency to prioritize code and deployment over comprehensive documentation. This can hinder testers' ability to understand system behaviour and design effective test cases.</td>
<td>• DevOps often involves multiple parallel development and testing environments, which can make it challenging to maintain consistent test environments and data. This fragmentation can lead to discrepancies between testing, staging, and production environments.</td>
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# The Negative Impact of DevOps on Testing

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Automation Challenges</th>
<th>Depersonalization of Testing</th>
<th>Overemphasis on Unit Testing</th>
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<td>• While automation is a key component of DevOps, setting up and maintaining automated testing frameworks can be complex and time-consuming. Poorly implemented test automation can lead to false positives, false negatives, and difficulties.</td>
<td>• In some cases, the push for automation and rapid testing can lead to the depersonalization of testing, where manual testing expertise is undervalued or disregarded.</td>
<td>• DevOps encourages early testing, including unit testing. While unit tests are crucial, they might not catch integration-level or end-to-end issues that can arise in complex systems. Overreliance on unit tests could result in missing critical defects.</td>
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The impact of DevOps for QA testing is transformative. It emphasizes the need for early and continuous testing, promotes the use of automation, and fosters a more collaborative work environment. While it comes with its challenges, adapting to this new landscape presents a wealth of opportunities to enhance software delivery processes and outcomes. It’s an exciting time to be part of this dynamic field, and by staying agile and open to new ways of working, we can harness the full potential of DevOps for QA testing.
THANK YOU

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