BCS LEVEL 5 DIPLOMA IN IT SYSTEMS ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

SYLLABUS

THIS QUALIFICATION WILL BE RETIRING IN 2026

September 2023 v3.1



bcs

This is a United Kingdom government regulated qualification which is administered and approved by one or more of the following: Ofqual, Qualifications Wales, CCEA Regulation or SQA.

CONTENTS

- 3. Introduction
- 4. Qualification Suitability and Overview
- 4. SFIA Levels
- 5. Learning Outcomes
- 7. Syllabus
- **14.** Examination Format
- 14. Question Weighting
- **15.** Recommended Reading
- **16.** Using BCS Books
- **16.** Document Change History



Introduction

The second stage within the BCS three-stage Higher Education Qualification programme, the Level 5 Diploma enables candidates who have already achieved the Level 4 Certificate in IT to progress to higher levels of knowledge and competency.

This internationally-recognised qualification introduces you to the business-related aspects of the IT industry, developing your technological expertise while also considering the potential challenges of the day-to-day running of an organisation, such as legal obligations and intellectual property.

Our modules have been created in-line with the latest developments in the industry, giving you a competitive edge in the IT job market. You will have the opportunity to learn about object-oriented programming, user experience, systems analysis and design, as well as to build upon knowledge and skills developed during the Level 4 Certificate.

To successfully achieve the qualification, candidates need to complete:

- One core module
- Three optional modules
- One Professional Project in IT

Candidates who wish to progress onto the next stage will need to complete the Project at end of the Level 6 Professional Graduate Diploma in IT.

Systems Analysis and Design Optional Module

The Systems Analysis and Design module is an optional module that forms part of the Level 5 Diploma in IT – the second stage within the BCS three-stage Higher Education Qualification programme.

Candidates will explore the context of systems analysis and design, gain an understanding of what stakeholder analysis is and how data on stakeholder requirements can be elicited. Candidates will learn about systems analysis techniques and tools, logical data design and basic object-oriented design concepts.

Qualification Suitability and Overview

Candidates must have achieved the Certificate in IT or have an appropriate exemption to be entered for the Diploma in IT. Candidates can study for this diploma by attending a training course provided by a BCS accredited Training Provider or through self-study, although it is strongly recommended that all candidates register with an approved centre. Studying with an approved centre will deliver significant benefits.

Candidates are required to become a member of BCS, The Chartered Institute for IT, to sit and be awarded the qualifications. Candidates may apply for a four-year student membership that will support them throughout their studies.

The Level 5 Diploma is suitable for professionals wishing to gain a formal IT qualification, and this module may be particularly relevant for candidates interested in career opportunities such as business analysis, systems architecture, or consultancy.

Total Qualification Time	Guided Learni
(Certificate)	(Module)
1086 hours	225 hours

SFIA Levels

This award provides candidates with the level of knowledge highlighted within the table, enabling candidates to develop the skills to operate successfully at the levels of responsibility indicated.

Level	Levels of Knowledge	Levels of
K7		Set strategy
K6	Evaluate	Initiate and
K5	Synthesise	Ensure and
K4	Analyse	Enable
К3	Apply	Apply
K2	Understand	Assist
K1	Remember	Follow

ing Hours

Assessment Time (Exam)

Two hours

of Skill and Responsibility (SFIA)

gy, inspire and mobilise

influence

l advise

SFIA Plus

This syllabus has been linked to the SFIA knowledge skills and behaviours required at Level 5.

BUAN3

Investigates operational needs and problems, and opportunities, contributing to the recommendation of improvements in automated and non-automated components of new or changed processes and organisation. Assists in defining acceptance tests for these recommendations.

REQM3

Defines and manages scoping, requirements definition and prioritisation activities for smallscale changes and assists with more complex change initiatives. Follows agreed standards, applying appropriate techniques to elicit and document detailed requirements. Provides constructive challenge to stakeholders as required. Prioritises requirements and documents traceability to source. Reviews requirements for errors and omissions. Provides input to the requirements base-line. Investigates, manages and applies authorised requests for changes to base-lined requirements, in line with change management policy.

DESN4

Designs components using appropriate modelling techniques following agreed architectures, design standards, patterns and methodology. Identifies and evaluates alternative design options and tradeoffs. Creates multiple design views to address the concerns of the different stakeholders of the architecture and to handle both functional and non-functional requirements. Models, simulates or prototypes the behaviour of proposed systems components to enable approval by stakeholders. Produces detailed design specification to form the basis for construction of systems. Reviews, verifies and improves own designs against specifications.

HCEV3

Applies tools and methods to design and develop users' digital and off-line tasks, interactions and interfaces to meet agreed usability and accessibility requirements for selected system, product or service components. Creates workable

prototypes. Assists, as part of a team, on overall user experience design. Assists in the evaluation of design options and trade-offs. Consistently applies visual design and branding guidelines.

Further detail around the SFIA Levels can be found at www.bcs.org/levels.

Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this module, candidates will be able to:

- Describe different lifecycle models and explain the contributions of systems analysis and design within them.
- Discuss various approaches to systems analysis and design and explain their strengths and • weaknesses.
- Evaluate the tools and techniques of systems analysis and design that may be used in a given context. ٠
- Use appropriate methods and techniques to produce an analysis of a given scenario.
- Use appropriate methods and techniques to produce a system design for a given scenario.
- Provide suitable documentation for systems analysis and design activities.





Syllabus

1. The context of systems analysis and design

Learners will be able to:

1.1 Explain the systems development lifecycle.

Indicative content

Guidance

- a. Life cycle
- b. Position of systems analysis and design (SAD) within life cycle

Candidates should be able to describe the various stages in systems development.

Candidates should be able to describe the different ways in which

Candidates should have an appreciation for and be able to describe

these roles contribute to the systems development life cycle.

1.2 Describe the role of business analysts, system analysts and system architects.

Indicative content

Guidance

- a. Business analysts
- System analysts b.
- c. System architects

1.3 Explain the characteristics and purpose of systems analysis.

Indicative content

Guidance

different design methodologies.

- a. Design methods and methodologies, including agile approaches, such as:
 - i. Atern/DSDM Dynamic Systems Design Method
 - ii. XP eXtreme Programming

1.4 Explain the adaption of methodologies.

Indicative content

- a. Adaptation of methodologies to deal with the circumstances of a development or application environment
- b. Adoption and/or adaptation of existing software solutions

2. Requirements elicitation and business analysis

Learners will be able to:

2.1 Explain stake holder analysis.

Indicative content

Guidance

Guidance

- a. Primary stakeholders
- b. C.
- Secondary stakeholders Tertiary stakeholders

2.2 Describe requirements gathering techniques.

Indicative content

Guidance

a. Interviews b. Surveys

- c. Questionnaires
- d. Focus groups

2.3 Describe prioritisation of requirements.

Guidance

a. Differing requirements for stakeholders, such as: i. Cost

Candidates need to understand that it is unlikely that every requirement of every stakeholder will be met, so there will need to be prioritisation and compromise.

ii. Timescale, etc.

Indicative content

Candidates should be able to appreciate that sometimes different approaches are necessary and should understand and be able to explain the need to adapt.

Candidates should be able to understand the importance of identifying different stakeholders and considering their needs.

Candidates need to be able to describe different techniques for establishing user requirements.

2.4 Explain categorisation of requirements.

Indicative content

Guidance

a. Differences between function and quality requirements

Candidates need to be able to identify requirements, differentiate between requirements that address the functionality of a system and those that ensure the quality of the end product.

2.5 Explain gap analysis.

Indicative content

Guidance

a. Actual performance Potential or desired b. performance

Candidates should be able to explain techniques for analysing the difference between what the management information system is delivering and the business needs.

2.6 Explain the use of business case and feasibility studies.

Indicative content	Guidance	b. c.	Sign Tem
	Candidates should be able to explain the need for establishing a business case, any systems development, and the role of feasibility studies.	3.3	3 Exp

2.7 Describe business activity modelling.

Indicative content

Guidance

a. Including the use of data flow diagrams (DFDs)

Candidates will be expected to develop data flow diagrams from a

2.8 Explain the use of prototyping.

Indicative content

a. Including as a method of requirements elicitation

Guidance

case study.

Candidates should be able to understand various uses for prototyping and different prototyping methods and types.

3. Systems analysis techniques and tools

Learners will be able to:

3.1 Demonstrate use cases and scenarios.

Indicative content Guidance a. Use cases b. Actors

c. Use case diagrams

approach.

3.2 Identify events.

Indicative content

Guidance

a. Business events

nal events

mporal events

Candidates should understand how events are used in systems analysis and be able to identify examples.

xplain use case realisation.

Indicative content

Guidance

- a. A brief introduction to interaction diagrams:
 - i. Communication diagrams
 - ii. Sequence diagrams

3.4 Describe entity relationship modelling (ERM).

Indicative content

Guidance

a. Entity-relationship diagrams (ERDs)

from a case study.

Candidates should be able to develop use cases. In the exam, candidates may be asked to draw these, or to take a theoretical

Candidates should understand how events are used in systems analysis and be able to identify examples.

Candidates should be able to develop an entity relationship model

3.5 Describe cross referencing functions.

Indicative content

Guidance

Guidance

a. Cross-referencing functions to data entities via Create/ Delete/Update/Delete tables

3.6 Describe activity diagrams.

Indicative content

a. Purpose and notation of activity diagrams.

Candidates should be able to develop an activity diagram for a given scenario.

Candidates should be able to produce Create/Delete/Update tables.

4. Logical data design

Learners will be able to:

4.1 Explain the conversation of ERM to relational schema.

Indicative content	Guidance	Learners wil
a. The basic rules of conversion	Candidates should understand how ERM (ERD in particular) can be converted to a relational schema, e.g. relational data base tables.	5.1 Explain 00
		Indicative co

4.2 Describe normalisation and denormalisation.

Indicative content

Guidance

a. First normal form (1NF)

- Second normal form (2NF) b.
- c. Third normal form (3NF)

Candidates will be expected to explain normalisation and denormalisation, and to carry out the normalisation of unnormalised data.

4.3 Explain validation rules and other data base constraints.

Indicative content

Guidance

a. Database validation rules

b. Database constraints

Candidates should be able to understand the importance of validation rules and other data base constraints and give suitable examples.

4.4 Explain views in data bases.

Guidance

a. Views vs tables in databases

Candidates should be able to understand database views and explain their advantages.

4.5 Explain object-relational mapping.

Indicative content

Indicative content

Guidance

- a. Mapping from a UML class model to the RDB schema model:
- i. Mapping classes
- ii. Mapping associations
- iii. Mapping aggregations
- iv. Mapping inheritance/ generalisations

5. Object-oriented (00) design

vill be able to:

0 concepts.

Indicative content

Guidance

- a. Classes and objects Encapsulation
- examples.

- c. Interfaces
- d. Inheritance

b.

- Polymorphism e.
- f. Message passing

5.2 Demonstrate relating objects, associations and aggregations.

Indicative content

Guidance

- a. Relationships between classes/objects: i. Association ii. Aggregation
 - iii. Generalisation/
 - inheritance

11

study.

Candidates should be able to explain how various elements of a class diagram can be mapped to relational database (RDB) tables.

Candidates are expected to explain these 00 concepts using

Candidates are expected to explain and illustrate these relationships between classes, e.g. by using examples from a case

5.3 Explain static modelling.

Indicative content

a. UML class diagrams

Guidance

Guidance

Candidates are expected to explain the main elements of class diagrams and to draw class diagrams.

Candidates should be able to explain and draw all these diagrams.

5.4 Explain dynamic modelling.

Indicative content

a. Including UML interaction diagrams, e.g.:

- i. Sequence
- ii. Communication/ collaboration diagrams
- c. UML state charts

6. Interaction design

Learners will be able to:

6.1 Describe usability issues.

Indicative content

- a. Ease of use
- b. Fitness for business purpose

Guidance

Candidates should be able to explain the main factors influencing usability of software systems.

6.2 Explain interface design.

Indicative content

Guidance

- a. Main rules of user interface (UI) design
- b. Process and main steps of UI design

Candidates should be able to explain the main rules of UI design and identify its main activities.

Examination Format

This module is assessed through completion of an invigilated written exam.

Туре	Four written questions from a choic
Duration	Two hours
Supervised	Yes
Open Book	No (no materials can be taken into
Passmark	10/25 (40%)
Delivery	Paper format only

Adjustments and/or additional time can be requested in line with the BCS reasonable adjustments policy for candidates with a disability or other special considerations.

Question Weighting

Candidates will choose four questions from a choice of six. All questions are equally weighted and worth 25 marks.



ice of six, each with equal marks

the examination room)



Recommended Reading

Primary texts

Title: Information systems development: methodologies, techniques and tools (fourth edition) Author: D. Avison and G. Fitzgerald

Publisher: McGraw-Hill

Date: 2006

- **ISBN:** 978-0077114176
- **Title:** Object-oriented systems analysis and design using UML (fourth edition) Author: S. Bennett, S. McRobb and R. Farmer Publisher: McGraw-Hill
 - **Date:** 2010
 - **ISBN:** 978-0077125363
- **Title:** Systems analysis and design: an object-oriented approach with UML (fifth edition) Author: A. Dennis, B. H. Wixom and D. Teagarten **Publisher:** Wiley **Date: 2015 ISBN:** 978-1118804674
- Title: Requirements Analysis and System Design: developing information systems with UML (third edition) Author: L. A. Maciaszek **Publisher:** Addison Wesley Date: 2001 **ISBN:** 978-0321440365

Title: Business Analysis Author: D. Paul, J. Cadle and D. Yeates (eds) Publisher: BCS Date: 2010 **ISBN:** 978-1906124618

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Document Change History

Any changes made to the syllabus shall be clearly documented with a change history log. This shall include the latest version number, date of the amendment and changes made. The purpose is to identify quickly what changes have been made.

Version Number

Changes Made

Version 1.0 July 2021

Document Creation

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